Glossary

| Word additives | Definition Things added to food to change it color or taste, or to make it last longer |
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| balanced diet | Eating the right amounts of servings from all the food groups every day |
| caffeine | A chemical found in tea, some sodas, and coffee that wakes you up and can make you jumpy |
| calcium | A mineral that makes your bones and teeth strong |
| calories | Measurements of the amount of energy food gives you |
| carbohydrates | Nutrients in foods that give you energy |
| circulatory system | The system of parts that work together to move blood around in your body |
| dehydrated | Not having enough water in your body |
| dermis | The second layer of skin where sweat is made |
| digestive system | The system of parts that work together to break down food in your body |
| endurance | The ability to do something for a while |
| energy | Strength to be active without getting tired |
| epidermis | The top layer of skin that protects your body from the outside world |
| exercise | Activity that strengthens your body and helps you stay healthy |
| fiber | Parts of foods that your body doesn't digest; fiber helps move food through your intestines and helps keep them healthy |
| flexibility | Describes something that bends and stretches easily |
| glucose | A natural, simple sugar that gives energy |

Glossary

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| Word intestines | Definition The last part of the digestive system that absorbs food and water from food and where waste is eliminated; made up of small and large intestines |
| lungs | The two balloon-like organs in your chest that take in oxygen when you breathe |
| metabolism | The processes that work together in your body to change food into energy |
| minerals | Certain nutrients found in food that your body needs to stay healthy; calcium, iron, sodium, and potassium are some of the 16 minerals people need to stay healthy |
| muscles | The stretchy parts of your body connected to bones that allow you to move |
| nutrients | Things your body needs to work properly; vitamins, minerals, proteins, carbo- hydrates, and some fats are nutrients |
| nutritious | Describes food that your body can use to keep you strong and healthy |
| organs | The parts of your body that do a particular job; your heart, brain, and skin are some of your organs |
| ounces | A unit of weight; 16 dry ounces make one pound, 8 liquid ounces equals one cup |
| oxygen | A clear gas in the air that your body uses to help make energy and is needed to breathe |
| produce | Things that are grown for eating, like fruits and vegetables |
| refined grains | Grains that have had part of their kernels removed; refined grains have fewer nutrients |
| relax | To calm down and take things easy |
| routine | Something that is done at the same time, or in the same way |

Glossary

| Word saturated fat | Definition Fats that are usually solid at room temperature; not as healthy as unsaturated fats. Saturated fats mostly come from animals |
|-------------------------|---|
| sleep deprived | Describes someone who has not gotten enough sleep |
| strength | The feature of being strong |
| stress | Worry, or being tensed up |
| trans fat tryptophan | Fats that are created to be solid at room temperature; the most unhealthy of all the fats |
| | A substance in some foods that makes some people sleepy |
| unsaturated fat | Fats that are liquid at room temperature; usually found in foods made from plants |
| vitamins | Kind of nutrients found in foods that are necessary for good health; A, B, C, and D are examples of vitamins |
| whole grains | Grains that have no part removed |